Buckinghamshire SENDIAS Online Training coproduced with FACT BUCKS





Choosing a school or college with and without an EHC plan

• **Summary:** This webinar aims to equip you for choosing an early years setting, school or further education provider. It covers children and young people aged from birth to 25 with and without an EHC plan. It shows you the steps you can take and the relevant law to ensure you can make informed decisions. It gives advice on changing provider and preparing your child for their move.

Duration: 1 hour 15 minutes

Choosing an education provider without an EHC plan - Finding an early years provider

Resources to help you

Childcare providers including childminders and settings for children under the age of 5

The Childcare Brokerage Service

What each provider offers for children with SEND

Paying for early years childcare

Support for children with SEND in Early Years settings

When to apply by:

You can apply for an early years setting for a child without an EHC plan at any time

Choosing an education provider without an EHC plan - Finding a school

Resources to help you

School admissions

Education options and admissions for children with SEND

School appeals for children without EHC plans

Apply to change school during the academic year (in-year transfer)

<u>Directory of all Buckinghamshire mainstream</u> schools

When to apply by:

Primary schools: Apply by 15th January

Secondary schools: Apply by 31st October

Any application for a school place on or after the first day of the academic term will be considered as an in-year application.

Any application for another age group will also be considered as an in-year application.

Choosing an education provider without an EHC plan - Finding a further education provider

Resources to help you

Post-16 education and training

Find a Post-16 college or sixth form

Getting Your Child Started With Post
GCSE Choices | UCAS Progress

Combining work with part-time study or training

Bucks Skills Hub

Adviza Charity

- Attend open days
- Speak with a career's adviser
- Check the providers website for deadline dates to apply by
- College applications start from Oct/Nov in Year 11 and usually remain open until the end of Spring term
- Apply online through providers website

Choosing an education provider with an EHC plan



Follow these steps to help you in choosing an education provider...

Choosing an education provider with an EHC plan

- 1. Know the difference between mainstream and specialist providers
- 2. Find an education provider search engines
- 3. Know the types of education provider and why this is important
- 4. Know key things to consider when choosing an education provider
- 5. Find out more about educational providers you are interested in
- 6. Know what questions to ask
- 7. Know the law and process that will affect you
- 8. Know what to do in exceptional circumstances
- 9. Helping your child to move to a new educational provider

1. The difference between mainstream and specialist providers

Mainstream schools
Maintained schools
or academies that
are not special
schools.

Additionally Resourced Provision
Some maintained mainstream
schools and academies have
Additionally Resourced Provisions
(ARPs). In Buckinghamshire, there
are ARPs specialising in helping
children with:

- Communication and Interaction difficulties
- Speech and language difficulties
- Hearing impairment
- Physical disability
- Autism

Special schools Special schools are specially organised to give special educational help. All children attending a special school have special educational needs and an EHC plan.

2. Finding an education provider – early years setting

- You do not have to choose an early years setting in Buckinghamshire.
- You do not have to choose the nearest one.
- SEND Childcare and Early Years Buckinghamshire a directory of childcare providers including childminders and settings for children under the age of 5
- <u>Find activities and organisations near you</u> information about what each provider offers for children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND)
- Local Offer for SEND in Buckinghamshire | Family Information Service
- Children not yet of compulsory school age (from the term after a child is 5 years old) are **not** usually eligible for free transport to their early years setting.
- Transport for children aged 0 5

2. Finding an education provider – school

You do not have to choose a school in Buckinghamshire. You do not have to choose the nearest school. Distance may be a factor which affects any entitlement to transport. Having an EHC plan does not entitle a child to free home to school transport.

Search engines to help you find schools:

- Local mainstream schools
- Local mainstream schools with additionally resourced provision (ARP)
- <u>Directory of all Buckinghamshire mainstream schools</u> including Ofsted reports and performance tables for each school
- Local special schools
- The Good Schools Guide includes all types of school in Buckinghamshire and beyond

Your young person can leave school on the last Friday in June if they will be 16 by the end of the summer holidays.

They must then do one of the following until they are 18:

- A. stay in full-time education, for example at a college
- B. start an apprenticeship or traineeship or supported internship
- C. spend 20 hours or more a week working or volunteering, while in part-time education or training

Your young person does not have to choose a further education provider in Buckinghamshire. They do not have to choose the nearest one.

Even if a child is eligible for home to school transport when they are of compulsory school age, the law for young people is different and there is no entitlement to transport.

Transport for young people aged 16 to 19 | Buckinghamshire Council

Transport for young people aged 19 to 25 | Buckinghamshire Council

A. Stay in full-time education

- Your young person could carry on learning through a full-time study programme. This could be made up of different qualifications and include things like:
 - courses that prepare them for adult life, work and taking part in the community such as <u>ASDAN SEND Provision</u> and <u>OCR Life and Living Skills</u> courses
 - academic subjects leading to GCSEs or A Levels or International Baccalaureate
 - work-related courses like <u>T Levels</u> or <u>BTEC diplomas</u>
 - English and maths skills
- Local further education providers
- Find an independent college Natspec

B. Combine work and study

- Traineeships Entry requirements: aged between 16 to 24 or up to 25 with an <u>Education Health and Care Plan</u> with no higher than a <u>level 3 qualification</u>
- **Supported internships-** Entry requirements: Aged 16-24 with an Education Health and Care Plan requiring extra support to get a job.
- Apprenticeships Entry requirements: Will be dependent on the industry, job role and apprenticeship level
- School leaver schemes- Entry requirements: Usually high grade A levels or equivalent and a keen interest in the sector

- Find a traineeship and <u>Traineeship</u> film
- Supported internships and BSI Bites
 Buckinghamshire
 Supported Internship podcast episode 1
- Become an apprentice and Into Apprenticeships
- School leaver schemes

- C. Work or volunteer and study part-time
- Between 16 and 18 your young person can work or volunteer for 20 hours or more if they combine it with part-time study or training.
- They may also be able to combine lots of different types of activities, like a parttime college course to improve their English and maths, volunteering in a charity shop and getting skills to take care of themselves and travel independently, together with employability support to find the best places to look for jobs and get support in the workplace.
- Supported employment schemes are available for young people with significant disabilities. Find out more here: <u>British Association for Supported Employment</u>
- Schools and colleges know their students' needs well and will seek opportunities for them offsite and onsite which are motivating and purposeful and lead towards employability.

 Preparing for Adulthood - Education, Employment and Meaningful Occupation - FACT Bucks/SENDIAS recorded webinar



Section 38(3) schools

3. Types of education provider and why this is important

Your rights to request a provider are stronger for these types than for others.

(a)a maintained school;

(b)a maintained nursery school;

(c)an Academy;

(d)an institution within the further education sector in England;

(e)a non-maintained special school;

(f)an institution approved by the Secretary of State under section 41 <u>Independent special schools and post-16 institutions - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>

Children and Families Act 2014 – Section 38(3)

Types of schools and why this is important | Buckinghamshire Council



The 3 reasons why your request can be refused

3. Types of education provider and why this is important

To refuse to place your child at your preferred school or college of these types, the council must have at least one of these three reasons:

- 1. The education provider is unsuitable for the age, ability, aptitude or special educational needs of the child or young person
- 2. The attendance of the child or young person would be incompatible with the provision of efficient education for others
- 3. The attendance of the child or young person would be incompatible with the efficient use of resources
 - Children and Families Act 2014 Section 39(4)



Mainstream education

3. Types of education provider and why this is important

The right to mainstream education is especially strong. The local authority must make sure a child with an EHC plan is educated by a mainstream provider unless that is incompatible with:

(a) the wishes of the child's parent or the young person, or

(b) the provision of efficient education for others.

Children and Families Act 2014 – <u>Section 33</u>

Types of schools and why this is important | Buckinghamshire Council



What does the law say? Independent

schools

CLICK
HERE FOR
MORE
INFO ON
IPSEA'S
WEBSITE

3. Types of education provider and why this is important

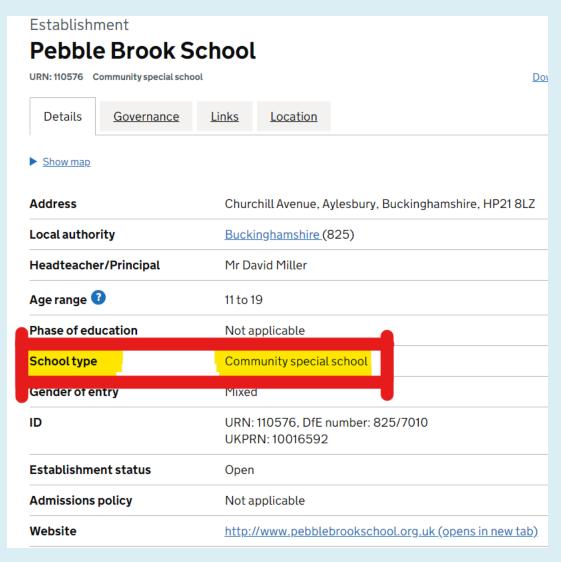
If you are making representations for an independent school or college;

The local authority must have regard to the general principle that pupils are to be educated in accordance with the wishes of their parents, so far as that is compatible with the provision of efficient instruction and training and the avoidance of unreasonable public expenditure.

The local authority must have regard to the views, wishes and feelings of the child and their parent, or the young person.

- Education Act 1996 Section 9
- Children and Families Act 2014 Section 19

3. Types of education provider and why this is important



All education providers in England must be registered with Ofsted.

Early years settings

Early years settings are for children aged 0 - 5.

In Buckinghamshire all early years providers are independent except for Henry Allen Nursery School and Bowerdean Nursery School which are maintained nursery schools.

Schools

Schools are for children aged 5 - 16. You can find the type of school using the <u>Get Information about Schools</u> tool.

- •Click on Name and type in the school's name.
- Press the green search button
- Find 'School type'

Further education providers

Further education providers are for students aged 16 and over. Sixth forms can be found using the <u>Get Information about Schools</u> tool. State-funded further education colleges are listed here: <u>List of Colleges in the UK | Association of Colleges (aoc.co.uk)</u> Other providers are independent, although some have 'section 41' status.

4. Choosing the right education provider for your child



Choosing the right school for your child |
Buckinghamshire
Council

5. Find out more about the education providers you are interested in



Find out more
about schools you
are interested in |
Buckinghamshire
Council

Find an Ofsted inspection report

6. Know what questions to ask

- Setting organisation
- Your child's SEND and the help they require
- Communicating with the setting
- Inclusion at setting
- Supporting appropriate behaviour
- Moving on from setting
- Talking to other parents at the setting
- Residential settings



Choosing a School

These are our suggested main areas to focus on, but you can change them to meet your needs. You can replace School A/B/C with the names of the schools you have visited. The boxes will get bigger as you type into them.

Topics/Questions to Consider	School A	School B	School C
Your child's views			
- likes			
- dislikes			
Your general impression			
- likes			
- dislikes			
How will your child's needs be supported?			
- specific SEN experience of the			
staff/training			
- adult support, such as teaching assistant			
support and specialist teachers			
- equipment/materials and adjustments to			
the environment			
- adjustments to teaching and curriculum			
Specialist support			
- what is there?			
- how is it arranged and given?			
Communication with you			
- how often will you meet the SENCO and			

<u>Choosing a School - Comparison Table Template</u>



When can I request an education provider?

7. Know the law and process that will affect you

You can ask for an early years setting, school or college or to change the current provider at the following times:

- 1. When you receive a draft EHC plan during the EHC needs assessment process
- 2. When you receive a draft amended EHC plan following an annual review or early annual review
- 3. When you disagree with a Final EHC plan or Final amended EHC plan and follow the <u>Tribunal appeal</u> process

Children and Families Act 2014 – Section 39(4)

Know the law and process that will affect you | Buckinghamshire Council

A. My child is going through an EHC needs assessment and does not yet have a final EHC plan

If Buckinghamshire Council agree to issue the plan, you are sent a draft EHC plan.



The integrated SEND team at Buckinghamshire Council will ask you to make your request for a school or other educational setting.



Send your choices in an email replying to the message that comes with your draft EHC plan. You have 15 days from receiving the draft EHC plan to do this. You also have the right to ask for changes to be made to the draft EHC plan at this time.



B. It is time to change to another provider

preschool to infants or primary school infant to junior school junior or primary to secondary school

 15 February in year of transfer

What does the law say?

What is phase transfer?

secondary school to further education provider

Further education provider to further education provider

 31 March in year of transfer

Children and Families Act 2014 – Section 39(4)

Know the law and process that will affect you | Buckinghamshire Council

C. The provider named can no longer meet my child's needs

Discuss informally with the education provider staff and your EHC Co-Ordinator.



Check that all the help in the EHC plan is being provided.



If concerns remain, raise these as part of an annual review of the EHC plan.

No changes to the EHC plan are needed

Right of Tribunal appeal if you disagree

Changes to the EHC plan are needed

- Draft amended EHC plan will be issued
- Right of Tribunal appeal if you disagree with Final amended EHC plan

D. My child has a Final EHC plan naming a <u>type</u> of provider, but it does not name a provider

Contact your EHC Co-Ordinator to find out what to expect.



Ask for Alternative provision to be put in place until a new provider is found.



You may also want to take advantage of your right to a <u>Tribunal appeal</u> if progress seems slow.

8. Know what to do in exceptional situations: A - I want a mainstream school with Additionally Resourced Provision (ARP)

Your rights are the same for a mainstream school with an ARP as they are for a mainstream school without an ARP. The process is the same too. Request an ARP during the annual review process.

The help your child will receive from the Additionally Resourced Provision must be detailed in Section F of their EHC plan. The mainstream school will be named in Section I of the EHC plan.

Placement in an ARP requires an EHC plan

8. Know what to do in exceptional situations: B. I want to delay my child's start at school or change their year group at school

- Children without an EHC plan
- Admission of children below compulsory school age and deferred entry to school Child Law Advice
- When your child can start school Buckinghamshire Council
- Delay your child's school start date | Buckinghamshire Council
- Beyond the reception year | Buckinghamshire Council
- Children going through an EHC needs assessment
- Children with an EHC plan
- Asking for an early review of an EHC plan IPSEA
- Case law example for child with EHC plan from IPSEA

8. Know what to do in exceptional situations:C. I don't think my child can attend a school or further education provider

Alternative Provision

<u>Alternative provision | Buckinghamshire Council</u>

'Alternative provision' is education outside of school, arranged by local authorities or schools for children who, because of exclusion, illness, or other reasons, would not otherwise receive suitable education.

Education Otherwise Than at School (EOTAS)

Education Otherwise than at School (EOTAS) | Buckinghamshire Council

Education Otherwise than at School is education provision to meet specific needs of children and young people who, for whatever reason, cannot attend a mainstream or special school. This is a formal special education package made under an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP), for which the local authority, in this case Buckinghamshire Council, remains legally responsible for.

8. Know what to do in exceptional situations: D. My child has not been placed at the education setting I wanted

What options are there?

- Speak with your EHC Co-Ordinator
- Look into the appeals process
- Contact SENDIAS for further advice using our contact form
- SENDIAS news, events and webinars | Buckinghamshire
 Council

9. Helping your child to move to a new educational provider

<u>Family Support Service</u> Support your child's transition to secondary school.

Moving up to secondary school | Family Information Service (buckinghamshire.gov.uk)

How to move up to secondary school - course for Year 6's

The Foundation for People with Learning Disabilities

Guide for pupils with special educational needs moving on to secondary school.

Beth and Amber:

How we chose an education provider





Bucks SENDIAS Service

 If you require further information to help you please first refer to the SENDIAS webpages: <u>Bucks SENDIAS service</u> |
 <u>Buckinghamshire Council</u> and if necessary contact SENDIAS using the <u>clickable Bucks SENDIAS Contact Form</u>

Sign up for our email updates

Live webchat:

Mondays 1-3pm and Fridays 10am- 12 noon

Important information

In this news update you will find information about:

- New to SEND? Free FACT Bucks/Bucks SENDIAS Service Webinar
 10-11am on Friday 27 January 2023
- . Shout out for SEND Youth Voice Bucks
- The Prince's Trust Team Programme
- Family Support Service three exciting projects online and in person for young people in school years 7 and upwards starting in February 2023
- Contact Welcome to What's new
- Bucks SENDIAS Service Live Web Chat

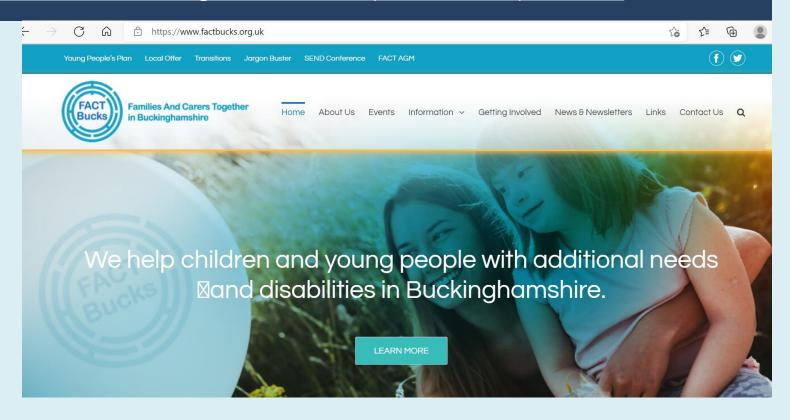


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https://www.factbucks.org.uk/

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Any Questions?

Your feedback please

Please let us know whether you found this webinar useful:

Message us in the chat or use our **Bucks SENDIAS Contact Form**

Thank you